Hands-on AI based 3D Vision Summer Semester 25

Tutorial – TCML Cluster

TAs:

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Cluster: What? How? Why? Can I eat it?

• A **cluster** is a group of powerful non-edible computers (called **nodes**) connected together to perform computations.



Cluster: What? How? Why? Can I eat it?

 Clusters are designed to handle heavy computational tasks and large-scale data processing that would be too slow or impossible on a personal computer.



Cluster: What? How? Why? Can I eat it?

• You **don't run your code directly** on the cluster like you would on your laptop.



Cluster: What? How? Why? Can I eat it?

Instead, you:

- Write a job script this tells the cluster:
 - 1. What program you want to run
 - 2. How many resources you need (e.g., CPUs, GPUs, memory)
 - 3. How long your job will take
- Submit the job to a scheduler a system that organizes and queues all users' jobs.
- The scheduler allocates resources when available and runs your job.
- Finally, you get your results.







Why Use the Cluster?

- Training deep learning models using multiple GPUs.
- **Running simulations** or experiments that take hours or days.
- Homeworks of "Hands-on Al Based 3D Vision".
- Mining cryptos and ddossing opponents in online matches



Login to the cluster

• In the past week, you should have received an email from the cluster admin



Martin Messmer

Traduci in italiano

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Dear Andrea,

your TCML-Cluster account is now fully configured and ready to use! This account was applied for by your tutor Andrea Sanchietti.

username: password:

Please change your password as soon as possible! To do so, log in to the cluster and read the login message (Message Of The Day; motd) how to change the password.

To make your start easy, all important information concerning the cluster as well as a comprehensive tutorial are provided in our documentation: <u>https://cloud.cs.uni-tuebingen.de/index.php/s/aa6gncXPN3Z8eWC</u>

To access the cluster use ssh with the following addresses: --ONLY possible from inside the network of the university (or university VPN)--

login1.tcml.uni-tuebingen.de

134.2.17.166; virtual machine, no remote development allowed or <u>login2.tcml.uni-tuebingen.de</u> 134.2.17.248; virtual machine, no remote development allowed

or

login3.tcml.uni-tuebingen.de

134.2.17.202; real hardware, remote development allowed

The motd also explains how to access from outside of the university network. (Or ask the admins via <u>tcml-contact@listserv.uni-tuebingen.de</u>)

If you have any further questions, always feel free to contact me.

Login to the cluster

Login Information

Documentation and Tutorial

Login Nodes



Martin Messmer

Traduci in italiano

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Login to the cluster	andrea@andrea-works The authenticity of ED25519 key fingerp This key is not kno Are you sure you wa Warning: Permanentl stud201@login1.tcml Welcome to Ubuntu 2	tation ~> ssh s host 'login1.t rint is SHA256: wn by any other nt to continue y added 'login1 .uni-tuebingen. 2.04.5 LTS (GNU	<pre>tud201@login1.tcml.uni-tue cml.uni-tuebingen.de (134. DpoYXo+4IeCgYwh3+vhZrZdiys names. connecting (yes/no/[finger .tcml.uni-tuebingen.de' (E de's password: /Linux 5.15.0-138-generic</pre>	bingen.de 2.17.166)' can't be est 3GJjqZ94wVzlADRWQ. print])? yes D25519) to the list of x86_64)		
	<pre>* Documentation: * Management: * Support:</pre>	https://help.ub https://landsca https://ubuntu.	untu.com pe.canonical.com com/pro			
	System information	as of Mon May	19 03:31:56 PM CEST 2025			
	System load: 0.5 Usage of /: 37. Memory usage: 33% Swap usage: 2%	5 3% of 31.32GB	Processes: Users logged in: IPv4 address for enp6s19:	248 5 134.2.17.166		
	Expanded Security M	laintenance for	Applications is not enable	d.		
	6 updates can be applied immediately. To see these additional updates run: apt listupgradable					
console	3 additional security updates can be applied with ESM Apps. Learn more about enabling ESM Apps service at https://ubuntu.com/esm					
	New release '24.04. Run 'do-release-upg	2 LTS' availabl rade' to upgrad	e. e to it.			
<pre>ssh stud201@login1.tcml.uni-tuebingen.de</pre>	*** System restart	required ***				
	The programs includ the exact distribut individual files in	ed with the Ubu ion terms for e /usr/share/doc	ntu system are free softwa ach program are described /*/copyright.	re; in the		
	Ubuntu comes with A applicable law.	BSOLUTELY NO WA	RRANTY, to the extent perm	itted by		
	TCML Cluster info last modified: 202					

Login to the cluster

IMPORTANT: LOGINS NODES ARE **NOT** COMPUTE NODES. YOU CANNOT RUN YOUR PROGRAMS HERE.

Instead, a login node is used to **submit** jobs to the cluster.

The TCML Cluster has 3 login nodes. You can chose which one to use.



Transfer data to the cluster

Dataset:

 You can transfer your data with scp command:

scp SOURCE USERNAME@login1.tcml.uni-tuebingen.de:~/

NAME t

scp - OpenSSH secure file copy

SYNOPSIS top

```
scp [-346ABCOpqRrsTv] [-c cipher] [-D sftp_server_path] [-F
ssh_config] [-i identity_file] [-J destination] [-l limit] [-o
ssh_option] [-P port] [-S program] [-X sftp_option] source ...
target
```

DESCRIPTION top

scp copies files between hosts on a network.

scp uses the SFTP protocol over a ssh(1) connection for data transfer, and uses the same authentication and provides the same security as a login session.

Code:

 You can copy your code with scp as well, or use GitHub to sync your code (we suggest you the second one).



Install Conda

- Note: The cluster does not give you access to sudo.
- To install miniconda, download the script from anacoda and run it.
- If, after running the .sh script conda does not work, run . ~/miniconda3/bin/conda init and then re-login

Run the commands and follow the instructions:

wget https://repo.anaconda.com/miniconda/Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh bash Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh

Select yes when running conda init , which would append the following lines in ~/.bashrc:

```
# >>> conda initialize >>>
# !! Contents within this block are managed by 'conda init' !!
__conda_setup="$('/mnt/<storage_disk>/home/<username>/bin/miniconda3/bin/conda' 'shell.bash' 'hook' 2> /dev/
if [ $? -eq 0 ]; then
        eval "$_conda_setup"
else
        if [ -f "/mnt/<storage_disk>/home/<username>/bin/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh" ]; then
        . "/mnt/<storage_disk>/home/<username>/bin/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh"
        else
        export PATH="/mnt/<storage_disk>/home/<username>/bin/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh"
        fi
            . "/mnt/<storage_disk>/home/<username>/bin/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh"
        else
            export PATH="/mnt/<storage_disk>/home/<username>/bin/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh"
        else
            export PATH="/mnt/<storage_disk>/home/<username>/bin/miniconda3/bin:$PATH"
        fi
        fi
        conda_setup
        # <<< conda initialize <<<
/pre>
Relaunch shell to make it work:
        bash
In terminal, it would add a prefix of (base), to indicate that you are in the base env of conda.
```

Source: https://gist.github.com/Hansimov/2d5d5985116039a0f2976dec91e8ed14

SLURM

- SLURM = Job Scheduler for clusters
- You write a **job file** and submit it
- SLURM manages:
 - Resources (CPUs, memory, GPUs)
 - Queues and priorities
 - Job execution and logging



CLUSTER FILE SYSTEM

- The main directory is the **/home** directory. Here, every user has their own folder where they can keep their files.
- A few useful scripts, datasets and singularity recipies can be found in **/common**:
 - /datasets: some of the most well-known machine learning datasets.
 - /share: here you can share files with other users
 - /singularityImages: helpful singularity images and recipes
 - /userGuides: more guides and a tutorial script

Step 1:

Create a file like project1.sbatch

It's just a **bash script** with special **instructions** for SLURM.

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ touch project1.sbatch

Step 2: Fill the file with the configuration for SLURM

GNU nano 6.2	project1.sbatch
<mark>#</mark> !/bin/bash	
<pre>#SBATCHjob-name=TCML-TEST</pre>	<pre># Just a name for the job</pre>
<pre>#SBATCHcpus-per-task=4</pre>	# Max 24 per node
<pre>#SBATCHpartition=day</pre>	<pre># day, week, or month</pre>
#SBATCHmem-per-cpu=3G	# Memory per CPU, max 251GB per node
#SBATCHgres=gpu:1	<pre># GPUs to use (max 4 per node)</pre>
#SBATCHtime=10:00	# Max time (HH:MM)
#SBATCHerror=job.%J.err	# Error log
<pre>#SBATCHoutput=job.%J.out</pre>	# Output log
#SBATCHmail-type=ALL	<pre># Email notifications</pre>
<pre>#SBATCHmail-user=your@email.com</pre>	# Your email

Your bash commands go here!
slep 100
echo 'done'

Step 2: Fill the file with the configuration for SLURM

```
#SBATCH --gres=gpu:1080ti:4
# to use 4 (the maximum amount!) 1080ti GPUs
#SBATCH --gres=gpu:2080ti:8
# to use 8 (the maximum amount!) 2080ti GPU
#SBATCH --gres=gpu:A4000:1
# to use 1 (the maximum amount is 4) A4000 GPUs
#SBATCH --gres=gpu:L40S:3
# to use 3 (the maximum amount is 8) L40S GPU
```

Step 3: Submit the job and wait for it to run

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ squeue -u \$USER JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON) stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ sbatch project1.sbatch Submitted batch job 1507200

Step 3: Submit the job and wait for it to run

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ squeue -u \$USER JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON) stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ sbatch project1.sbatch Submitted batch job 1507200

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ squeue -u \$USER
JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON)
stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$

Wait a moment... where is my job?

Step 3: Submit the job and wait for it to run

vel

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testilg\$ squeue -u \$USER JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST stud201@login1:~/surm_costing\$ sbatch project1.sk Submitted batch job \507200 stud201@logir1~/slurm_testing\$ squeue -u \$USER IOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST stud2012log11:~/slurm_testing\$



Step 4:

Your code is broken 100%. Check errors and fix

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ ls
job.1507200.err job.1507200.out project1.sbatch
stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ cat job.1507200.err
/var/spool/slurmd/job1507200/slurm_script: line 14: slep: command not found
stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$

Step 5:

Submit again and start praying

<pre>stud201@login1:~/slurm_to</pre>	esting\$ sque	ue –u \$USE	R			
JOBID PARTI	TION NAM	ie user	ST	TIME	NODES	NODELIST(REASON)
<pre>stud201@login1:~/slurm_to</pre>	<mark>esting</mark> \$ sbat	ch project	1. sb	batch		
Submitted batch job 1507	201					
<pre>stud201@login1:~/slurm_te</pre>	<mark>esting</mark> \$ sque	ue -u \$USE	R			
JOBID PARTI	TION NAM	ie user	ST	TIME	NODES	NODELIST(REASON)
1507201	day TCML-TE	S stud201	R	0:02	1	tcml-node13
<pre>stud201@login1:~/slurm_te</pre>	<mark>esting</mark> \$ sque	eue				
JOBID PARTI	TION NAM	ie user	ST	TIME	NODES	NODELIST(REASON)
1501300 L409	Sday persona	l personal	R	22:37:51	1	tcml-node3
1507201	day TCML-TE	S stud201	R	0:08	1	tcml-node13
1504491	day Scenari	.o fauth	R	5:28:15	1	tcml-node37
1501472 m	onth vep_emb	e naegele	R	2:52:05	1	tcml-node18
1505301 v	week pd+_tra	ii raible	R	3:52:51	1	tcml-node21
1507192 v	week 235_bas	e nguyen	R	59:33	1	tcml-node12
1507191 v	week 235_bas	e nguyen	R	59:36	1	tcml-node11
1507190 v	week 235_bas	e nguyen	R	59:39	1	tcml-node10
1506021	week ML_all_	m naegele	R	2:47:43	1	tcml-node17
1506020 v	week ML_all_	m naegele	R	2:47:48	1	tcml-node16
1506019	week ML_all_	m naegele	R	2:47:54	1	tcml-node20
<pre>stud201@login1:~/slurm_te</pre>	esting\$					

Step 6: Check output

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ ls
job.1507200.err job.1507200.out job.1507201.err job.1507201.out project1.sbatch
stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ cat job.1507201.out
done
stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ tail -f job.1507201.out
done

INTERACTIVE JOBS

Interactive Jobs are jobs where, instead of launching a program, you ask to create a bash session to use on a cluster node. (use "exit" to end the session)

stud20: stud20: Mon May	1@login 1@tcml- y 19 17	1:~/slurm_te node16:~/slu /:07:03 2025	esting\$ sru urm_testing	n –-job \$ nvidi	-name "InteractiveJob" a-smi	partition=c	lay –-ntasks=:	lnodes=1 ·	gres=gpu:1	time 1:00:00	pty bash
NVID	IA-SMI	570.133.20		Driver	 Version: 570.133.20 '	CUDA Versio	on: 12.8				
GPU Fan 	Name Temp	Perf	Persist Pwr:Usa	ence-M ge/Cap	Bus-Id Disp.A Memory-Usage 	Volatile GPU-Util 	Uncorr. ECC Compute M. MIG M.				
====== 0 23% 	NVIDIA 22C	GeForce GT> P8	X 1080 Ti 8W /	0ff 250W	00000000:02:00.0 Off 3MiB / 11264MiB 	+0% 0% 	N/A Default N/A				
+								+			
Proco GPU 	esses: GI ID	CI ID	PID	Туре	Process name		GPU Memory Usage				
====== No	running	processes	found								
stud20	1@tcml-	node16:~/sl	urm_testing	\$ \$							

CANCEL A JOB

To cancel a job use :

stud201@login1:~/slurm_testing\$ scancel jobid





(I SUBMITTE THE WRONG FILE)

Run your notebooks from remote

- Once you installed conda, activate an environment and run:

 pip install jupiterlab
 pip install notebook
- Then login to a computation node, NOT ON A LOGIN NODE (see how to run code on a computation node later), and run:

 jupyter notebook --no-browser --port=1234
 Note: you can change the port to the one you prefer
- To connect, open a new terminal on your computer and run: ssh -NfL localhost:1234:localhost:1234 youruser@login1.tcml.uni-tuebingen.de
- Finally, open your browser and open http://localhost:1234
- From ther, you can use Jupyter to run your notebooks

jupyter notebook --no-browser --port=1234 jupyter_lsp | extension was successfully linked jupyter_server_terminals | extension was success jupyterlab | extension was successfully linked. notebook | extension was successfully linked. Writing Jupyter server cookie secret to /mnt/bee notebook_shim | extension was successfully linke notebook shim | extension was successfully loade jupyter_lsp | extension was successfully loaded jupyter_server_terminals | extension was success JupyterLab extension loaded from /home/stud201/min JupyterLab application directory is /mnt/beegfs/hor Extension Manager is 'pypi'. jupyterlab | extension was successfully loaded. notebook | extension was successfully loaded. Serving notebooks from local directory: /mnt/bee Jupyter Server 2.16.0 is running at: http://localhost:1234/tree?token=9c4287e10dfdc8e http://127.0.0.1:1234/tree?token=9c4287e10d Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down is file in a browser: tud201/.local/share/jupyter/runtime/jpserver-2693552-URLs: e?token=9c4287e10dfdc8e83e8f6df83b3340b2d5a2618d2a23 e?token=9c4287e10dfdc8e83e8f6df83b3340b2d5a2618d2a23

PARTITIONS

5.4.2 Partitions

Partition Name	Time limit	Number of nodes
test	15 minutes	3
day	24 hours	33
week	$7 \mathrm{~days}$	22
month	$30 \mathrm{days}$	10
L40Sday	24 hours	4

Notice: Any job that exceeds the time limit of its partition will get canceled. Check the details for which node belongs to which queue with sinfo.

Final Tips

Before contacting admins, check the FAQ!

- Many problems are already answered
- Saves time for everyone

Best practice:

- Start with small jobs
- Monitor memory/time usage
- Gradually scale up

Misc:

- If the gpus are not used 100% all the time, you have a bottleneck somewhere
- Use iteractive sessions to test your code before sending a task